

# Multiplication Table

1	i
i	-1

# Levi-Civita

1	i	j	k
i	1	-k	j
j	k	1	-i
k	-j	i	1

$$-1 = i^2 = j^2 = k^2 = ijk$$

$$(u_1 + iu_2)^2 = u_1^2 - u_2^2 + i(2u_1u_2)$$

$$(u_1 + iu_2 + ju_3 + ku_4)^2$$

Transformation Matrix  $L(u)$ , with  $L(u) \cdot u = u$  Quaternion

$$\begin{pmatrix} u_1 - u_2 \\ +u_2 \ u_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$L(\vec{u}) \cdot \vec{u} = \vec{r} = \vec{r}$$

$$2(L(\vec{u}) \vec{u}) = \vec{r}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} u_1 & -u_2 & -u_3 & -u_4 \\ u_2 & u_1 & u_4 & -u_3 \\ u_3 & -u_4 & u_1 & u_2 \\ u_4 & u_3 & -u_2 & u_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \\ u_3 \\ u_4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} u_1^2 - u_2^2 - u_3^2 - u_4^2 \\ 2u_1u_2 \\ 2u_1u_3 \\ 2u_1u_4 \end{pmatrix}$$

# Multiplication Table

(2)

1	i	j	k
1	i	j	-k
i	-1	k	j
j	-k	-1	-i
k	j	-i	1

$$k^2 = +1!$$

Konstantenwert Skalar

$$\begin{pmatrix} u_1^2 - u_2^1 - u_3^2 + u_4^2 \\ 2u_1u_2 - 2u_3u_4 \\ 2u_1u_3 + 2u_2u_4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} u_1 & -u_2 & -u_3 & u_4 \\ u_2 & u_1 & -u_4 & -u_3 \\ u_3 & u_4 & u_1 & u_2 \\ u_4 & -u_3 & u_2 & -u_1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \\ u_3 \\ u_4 \end{pmatrix}$$